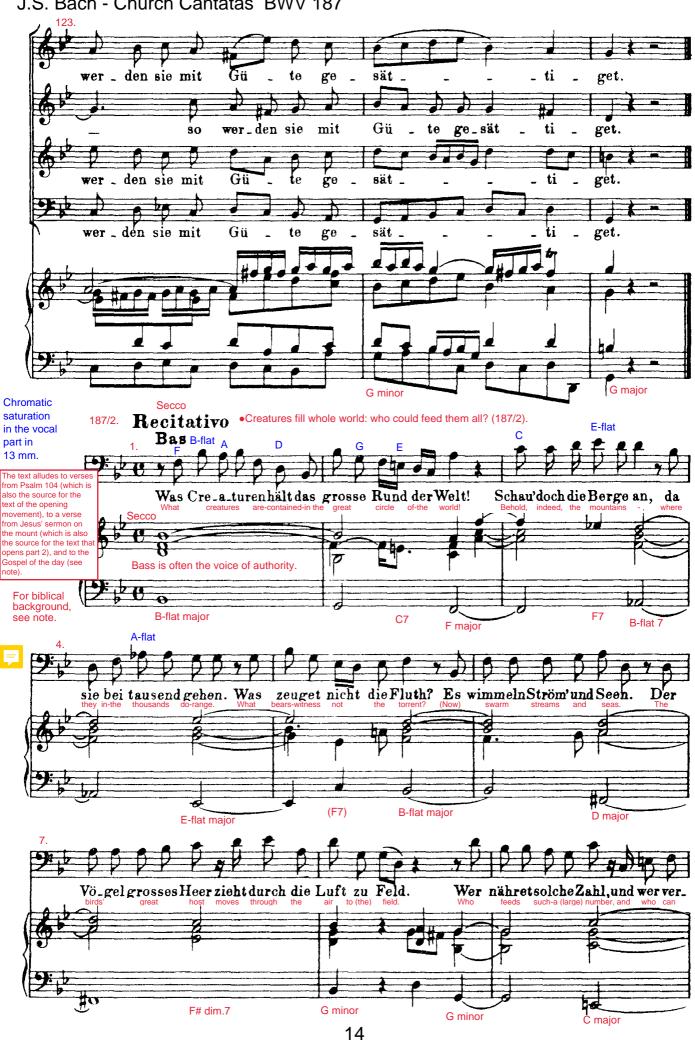
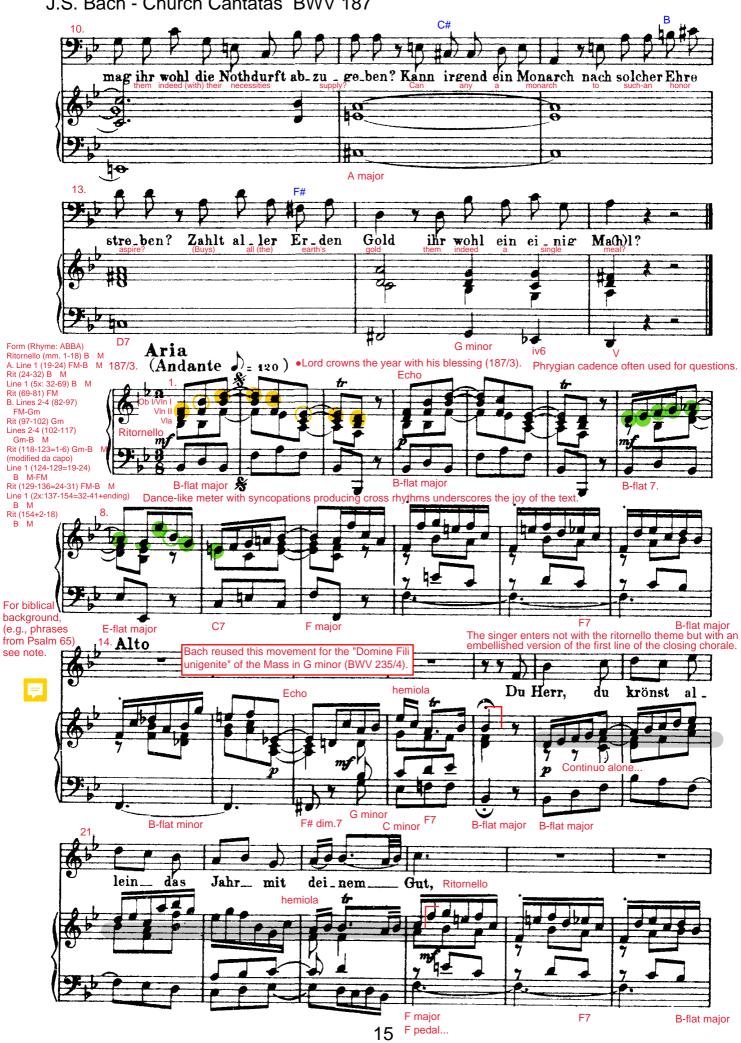


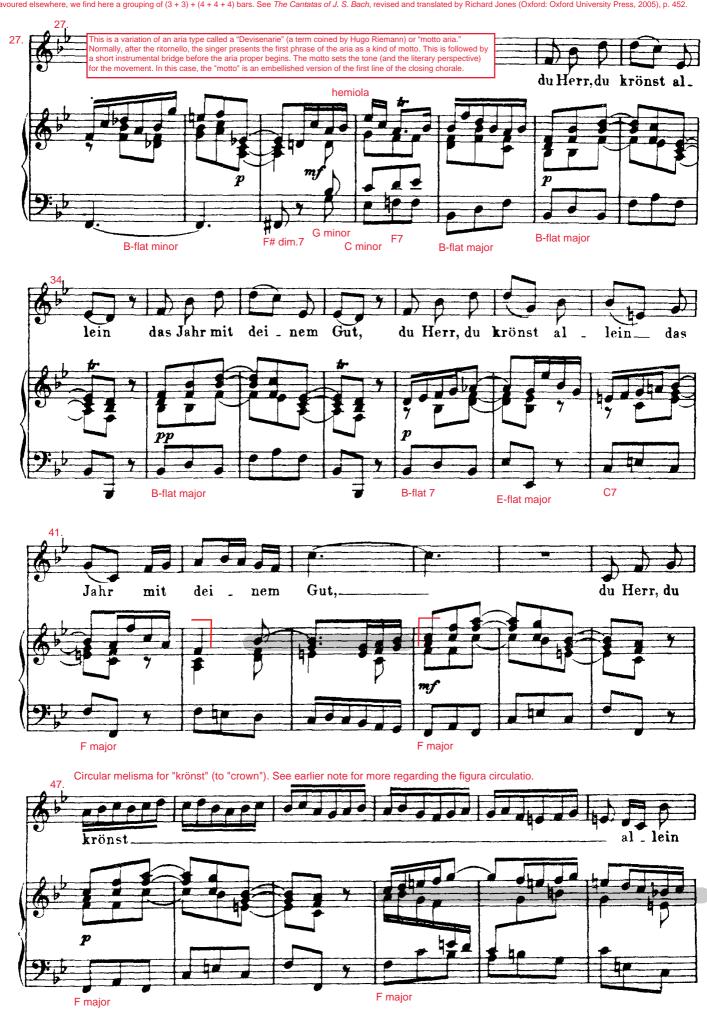
J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 187 aufthust, len sie, wenndu dei Hand $\mathbf{n}\mathbf{e}$ best, so wenn ih_nen gie samm wenn D minor D minor 104. dei samm . Obs A7 D minor so werden sie mit Gü thust, so werden sie Gü _ tege _ sät _ mit so werden sie ge _ sat _ <u>len s</u>ie,wenn du Hand auf . thust, dei D minor D7 G minor D minor

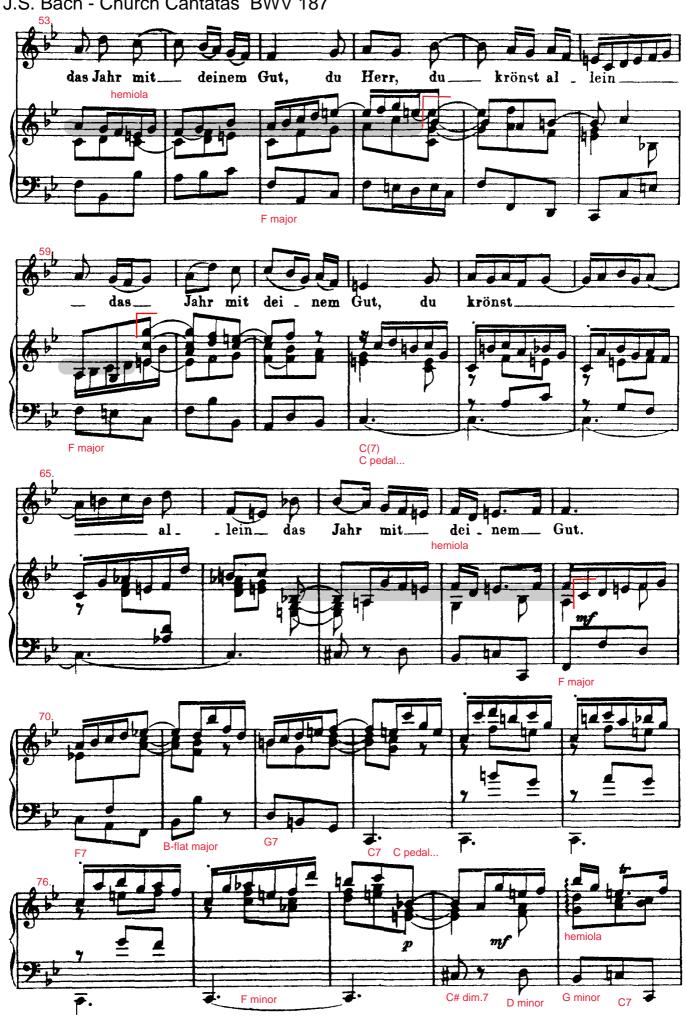
J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 187 Gü te ge_sät get. ti_get, so C minor Es war . tet C. Lines 1–4 (choral insertion with allusions to A & B into sinfonia mm. 16–28 Es B-flat major B-flat 7 (E-flat major) les auf dich, Al. du les aufdich, dass les (B-flat major) (C minor) G minor 12

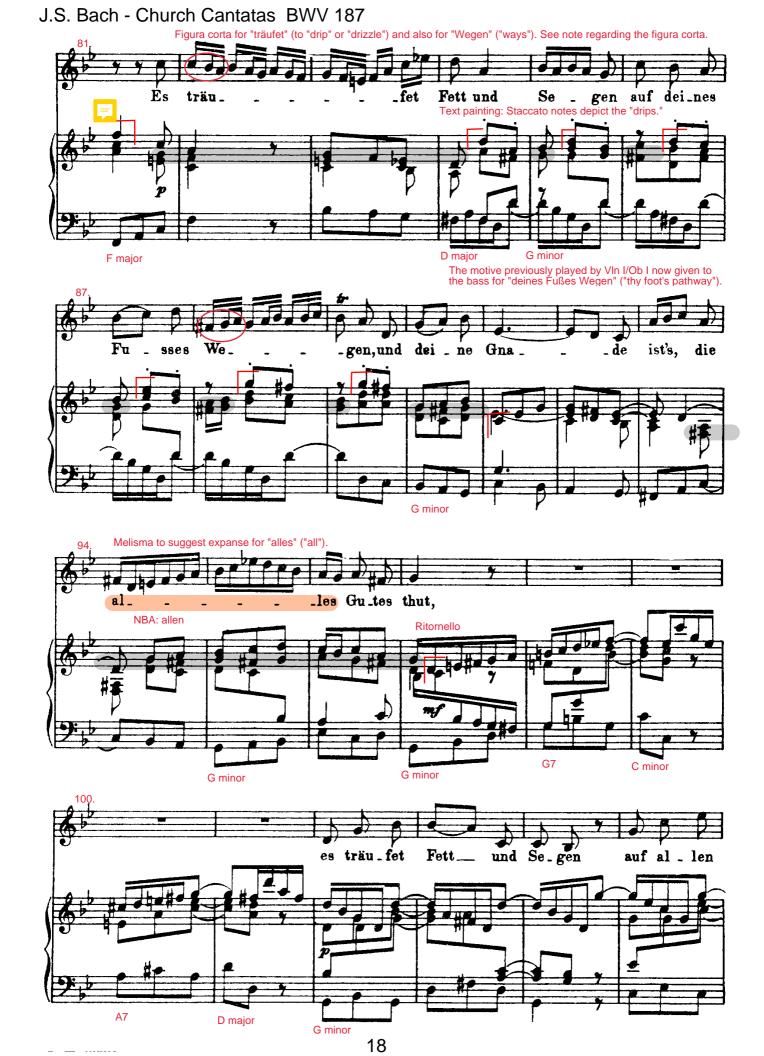










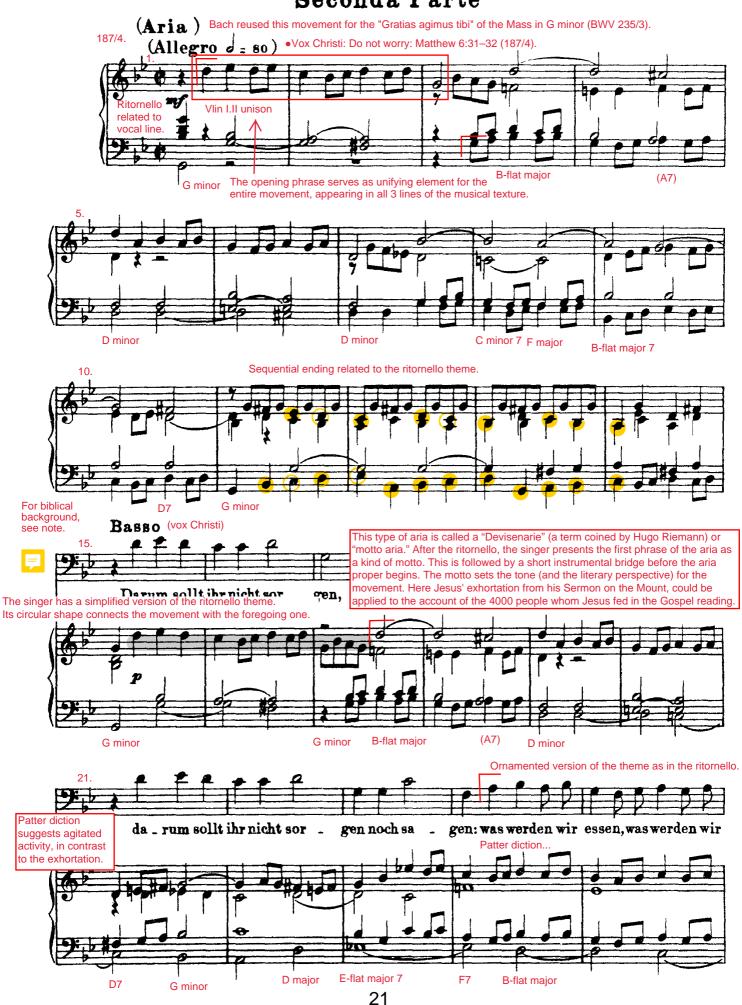






Fine della prima parte

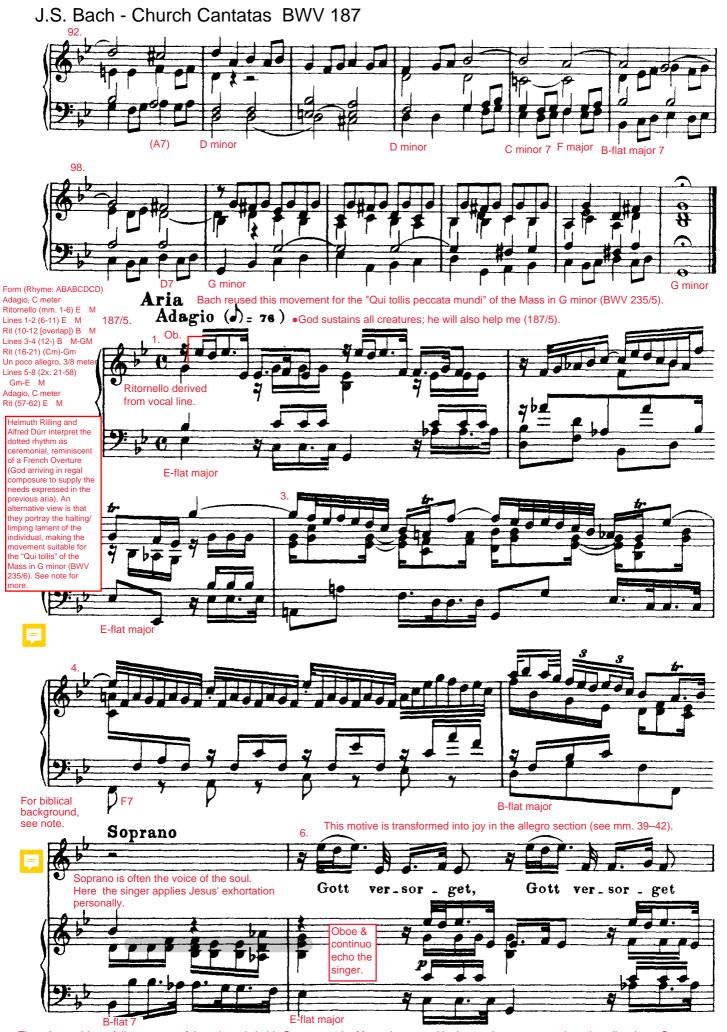
Seconda Parte











The aria provides a fuller account of Jesus' words in his Sermon on the Mount (as quoted in the previous movement), and applies them. See note. Alfred Dürr writes, "The...aria...is designed in two contrasting sections. Ceremonial dotted rhythms and an extensive and elaborate melody for solo

oboe characterize the first section, but at the words 'Weicht, ihr Sorgen!' ('Retreat, you cares!') the melody reverts to a dance-like style (in 3/8 time, marked *un poco allegro*). At the end, a reprise of the instrumental ritornello effects a return to the solemnity of the first section." See *The Cantatas* of J. S. Bach, p. 452





With an exhortation for all cares to flee, the music changes abruptly to triple meter in a quick tempo. The text makes renewed allusion to Jesus' words in the previous aria, and continues with an allusion to Lamentations 3:22–23: The steadfast love of the Lord never ceases, his mercies never come to an end; they are new every morning; great is thy faithfulness (Luther 1545: Treue).





