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NBA I/5; BC A34

*Romans 12:6-16 (Ends at "men of low estate";

Diversity of gifts, exemplary conduct)

*John 2:1-11 (Wedding at Cana, where Jesus tells his mother, "My hour has not yet come.")

On this day the the order of marriage was 13/1.

traditionally read. See Petzoldt,

"Bach-Kommentar," vol. 2, p. 455.

Librettist: Georg Christian Lehms

(see note).

FP: 20 Jan. 1726 (St. Thomas).

This is part of Bach's third

cantata cycle in Leipzig (see note).



Cantata's Instrumentation:

Flauto dolce I, II

Oboe da caccia

Vln I, II

Vla

SATB

Continuo with organo

J.S. Bach

Anguished cantata with
unique instrumentation.

Cantata No. 13 (titled "concerto da chiesa")

Meine Seufzer, meine Tränen

1. Aria

Recorders in 3rds

Despair: My days are filled with sighs and tears (13/1). Probably allusion to Psalm 56:8: "Thou hast kept count

of my tossings; put thou my tears in thy bottle! Are they not in thy book?"

Recorders in 3rds

Fl. I, II
Ob. da caccia
Bc.Da capo
aria

Sustained or repeated (throbbing) notes alternate with moving figures, suggesting resignation vs. discomfort. Suspensions act like sighs. The pastoral associations of 12/8 and woodwind scoring perhaps depict God's "hidden" shepherdly care. The recorders play theme derived from vocal opening.

D minor (For the significance of D minor,
see side note.)

E7

A minor

D7

Recorders in
imitation.

G minor

F7 D minor

C# dim.

A7

D minor

L.H.

D minor

G# dim.

E7

A7

Tenore

Mei - ne Seuf - zer, mei - ne Trä - nen kön - nen nicht zu zäh - len

Oboe da caccia
takes over theme in thirds with singer.

D minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

11

sein,
Ritornello
L.H.

D7 G minor C7 F major

13

mei - ne Seuf - zer, mei - ne Trä - nen kön - nen nicht zu zäh - len
R.H.
5 independent lines creates turgid color
reflective of the text.

D minor D minor

F major

15

sein, mei - ne Seuf - zer, mei - ne Trä - nen,

E7 A minor D major

17

mei - ne Seuf - zer, mei - ne Trä - nen kön - nen nicht zu zäh - len

G minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

19
 sein, _____ mein_e Seuf_ - zer; mein_e

L. H.

G minor A7 D minor G7

Text painting: Chromaticism for "Seufzer," including cross relation.

23

sein, meine Seuf - zer, meine Trä - nen können nicht zu zäh - len

D minor G# dim.7 C# dim.7 A7 D minor

25

sein;

Ritornello *f*

D minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

27

E7 A minor D7 G minor

29

G minor F7 D minor A7

31

D minor E7 L.H. D minor

B Section of da capo aria. The "path of death" is depicted with a steadily sinking vocal line. Modulations to the remote keys of B-flat minor and F minor.

33

wenn sich täg - lich Weh - mut fin - det

Text painting: Oboe da caccia echoes singer to depict gloom following believer constantly. Then the instrument resumes 16th-note runs.

Oboe da caccia imitates singer.

D minor E7 C minor D7

35

und der Jam - mer nicht ver - schwin - det,

Oboe da caccia imitates singer.

G minor A# dim. F7 B-flat minor C7

E-flat 7

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Text painting: Chromaticism for description of "pain."

Text painting: Long note for "torment" to indicate its unrelenting nature, while oboe da caccia resumes 16th-note runs, probably indicating torment's all-encompassing nature (see later singer's melisma).

37

ach, so muß uns die - se Pein

Oboe da caccia

F minor E-flat 7 C minor D7 E-flat major
(G minor delayed)

39

— schon den Weg — zum To - de bah - nen,

Original: "bähnen," a usage common in Silesia, the librettist's home region. See Petzoldt, vol. 2, p. 456.

G minor G minor

41

wenn sich täg - lich Weh - mut fin - det und der Jam - mer nicht ver -

Oboe da caccia in parallel 3rds with singer.

G minor

Singer's only melisma spans 2 octaves, depicting the poet's all-encompassing, unrelenting misery (text: "will not disappear").

43

schwin - - - det, ach, so

Oboe da caccia imitates singer's melisma.

G7 C minor F7

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

Text painting: Extreme Chromaticism & held note for "pain."

45

muß uns die - se Pein schonden Weg zum To - de bah -

Recorder I Recorder II

2 descending tetrachords, traditional symbol of lament.

G# dim.7 A minor

47

nen, ach, so muß uns die - se Pein schonden Weg zum

A minor E7

49

To - de bah - - - nen.

tr pp mf dal segno

A minor A minor D minor

Secco

13/2. **2. Recitativo** •Despair: I cry to God but he does not answer (13/2). The word "noch" (yet or still) recalls Jesus' words in the Gospel reading (and the theme often emphasized on this day): "My hour has not yet come" (see above).

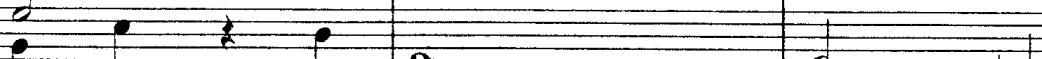
Alto

Mein liebster Gott läßt mich an noch vergebens rufen und mir in meinem Weinen noch
My dearest God lets me hitherto in-vain call and (lets) to-me in my weeping still

B-flat 7 E-flat major D7

Alto is often the voice of the believing soul. See Petzoldt, Bach-Kommentar, vol. 1, p. 541.

The reference to the hour ("Stunde") when God will hear recalls Jesus' words to his mother in the Gospel reading, "My hour has not yet come." The theme of waiting for God's hour was often emphasized on this day (see above). The reference to "seeing the promise from afar" may allude to Hebrews 11:13, which lists the heroes of faith: "These all died in faith, not having received what was promised, but having seen it and greeted it from afar...."

4. 
no consolation appear. *The hour lets itself indeed from afar be-seen,*

G minor **G minor** **E dim.7** **C major**

Text painting: Chromatic arioso for "flehen" (plead); The vocal line is characterized by large upward-reach-

Text painting: Chromatic arioso for tenor (plead); The vocal line is characterized by large upward-reaching intervals, followed by drops, as if the poet alternates between hope & despair, while the continuo treads downward (occasionally pushing upward) in heavy, unrelenting steps, displaced by octaves, as if exhausted (see full score for exact line).

Pushing upward in heavy, faltering steps, displaced octaves, as if exhausted (see full score for ex.)

lein ich muß doch noch vergebens fle - hen.
but I must nevertheless still in-vain supplicate.

Right hand is editorial realization...

C7 F minor F#dim7 B-flat minor F minor F (ma

13/3 Stanza 2 of 6-stanza hymn, "Zion klagt" (see note). F7 E dim.7 •Despair: God's promise to help has not come true

NBA: continuous note is unfigured, suggesting hopeful F major.

13/3. Stanza 2 of 6-stanza hymn, "Zion klagt" (see note).
3. Choral (Mel.: „Freu dich sehr,

13/3. **3. Choral** (Mel: „Freu dich sehr, o meine Seele“) chorale as a whole alludes to Isaiah 49:14–16. "But Zion said, 'The LORD has forsaken me, my Lord has forgotten me....'"
ent: Alto voice continues. It is often the voice of the believing soul. See Petzoldt

Central Movement: Alto voice continues. It is often the voice of the believing soul. See Petzoldt, "Bach-Kommentar," vol. 1, p. 541.

Vol. 1, p. 341.

Repeated notes (often the tonic) reflect the insistence of the statement.

Strings enter for the first time.

f

Repeated notes (often the tonic) reflect the insistence of the statement.

Fugue

Note the frequent appearance of figura cotta (see side note)."Lively string figures in a joyful F major express...hope for God's promised help, even though...so far no such help is forth coming." See Alfred Dürr/Jones, p. 199. Petzoldt suggests that the strings express persistent prayer in face of delayed response. See vol. 2, p. 458.

3 (13)

F7

Alto sings unembellished chorale tune

E major

The lamenting sentiment of the text is underscored by its instrumental doubling. Still, the overall mood is positive. Listeners familiar with the chorale may have thought of subsequent stanzas, which provide hope (see note),

5(15) Alto *Alto sings in unison on each of three tones,
doubled by Recorders I & II at the octave
and Oboe da caccia.*

e Lines

Der Gott, der der lässt sich mir ver - hat ge - ver - spro - su - - -

p

F major G7 C major

The appearance of strings, key of F major, and diatonic writing signal more positive sentiments.

7(17)

chen
chen

f

C major

Chorale Lines
2 & 4.

sei - nen Bei - stand je - der - zeit,
itzt in mei - ner Trau - rig - keit.

p

f

F major

F major

F major

F major

D minor

A7 D minor

For significance of D minor see note at opening movement.

D7 G minor

D minor

A7

D minor

Ach, will er denn für und für

Chorale Line 5.

D minor

(C7) F major

F7

G7

A7 D minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

28

D minor

D minor

30

grau - sam zur - nen ü - ber

Chorale Line 6.

F major

F major

32

mir,

G7 C major

C major C7

C# dim. A7

34

D minor

F7 B-flat major

F major

36

kann und will er sich der Ar -

Chorale Line 7.

F major

F7

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

38

men

B-flat major

40II

Chromatic inflection colors the final text line.

Chorale Line 8:

itzt nicht wie vor
[Could and would he] now not as formerly

C7 D minor F major F major F7

43

hin er - bar - men?
have-mercy?

C7 B-flat delayed... F7 B-flat major B-flat major (C7)

45

F major

47

F7 B-flat major C7 F major F major

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

Secco

13/4. 4. Recitativo •Hope: Sorrow real yet God can change it to joy (13/4). Chromaticism used to color the text.

Soprano C D E-flat F# A B-flat G A-flat

Chromatic saturation in the vocal part in 6 mm.

The text alludes to a range of biblical passages and themes, with a metaphorical application of the day's Gospel reading being prominent (see note).

Mein Kummer nimmet zu und raubt mir alle Ruh, mein Jammerkrug ist
My grief increases and robs me (of) all rest, my (cup)-of-woe is

Bc. F# dim.7 G minor B dim.7

Allusion to the "water jugs" ("Wasserkrüge") of the Gospel reading.

ganz mit Tränen angefüllt, und diese Not wird nicht gestillet, so mich ganz unempfindlich macht.
completely with tears filled, and this distress is not stilled, which me completely insensible makes.

C minor E dim.7 F minor E dim.7 F minor

Text painting: Descent of an octave for "pressing heart down."

Der Sorgen Kummernacht drückt mein beklemmtes Herz darnieder, drum sing ich lauter Jammerlieder.
- Sorrow's night-of-worries presses - my constricted heart down, therefore sing I only songs-of-lamentation.

F minor A dim.7 F7 B-flat minor

Doch, Seele, nein, sei nur ge-trost in deiner Pein: Gott kann den Wer-mut-saft gar leicht in
Yet, soul, no, be just consoled in your pain: God can the wormwood's-juice quite easily into

B-flat minor F minor G7 C7 F# dim.7

Text painting: F# dim.7 for "wormwood/gall," which is treated enharmonically as G-flat so that it resolves not to G minor but B-flat major.

Text painting: Major chord reached at the word "transform" (wormwood into wine). This is an allusion to the Gospel reading in which Jesus turns the water into wine. Eric Chafe notes that the tears/wine metaphor appears in BWV 21, 155, 13. See "Analyzing Cantatas," 49, 251n10.

Freudenwein ver-keh-ren und dir als dann viel tau-send Lust ge-wäh-ren.
wine-of-gladness transform and you thereupon many housand pleasures grant.

F7 B-flat major

Word painting: "Transformation" is depicted with enharmonic treatment.

NBA: alsdenn.
Text painting: "Pleasures" depicted with upward leaps of 6ths.

B-flat major (ends hopefully)

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

•Hope gained by looking to heaven; weeping of no use (13/5). Extreme chromaticism for opening anguished text: augmented seconds, diminished seventh chords, tritones. Hope expressed in ascending scales ("looking to heaven"). This is one of the most anguished of Bach's arias.

13/5. 5. Aria

Obbligato by Recorders I, II, Vln solo in unison (a unique timbral mixture)

Fl. I, II
Viol. solo
Bc.

Ritornello Sighing figures figura corta

Tritones

G minor C# dim.7 D dim. B dim.7 G7 C minor F# dim.7 D minor C# dim.7 D7

Alfred Dürr notes the two affects of the ritornello (lament vs. joy). See note.

4 Lament of previous measures changes to hope/joy! Ascending B-flat major scale, harmonized in G min pr.

6 Figura corta (see side note). Obbligato rises to D, then sinks to G.

Bassoon Text painting: Extreme chromaticism for "groaning" and "pitiful weeping."

8 Basso Äch - zen und er - bärml - lich Weinen,

A-flat major D7 G minor G minor F# dim.7 C# dim.7 D dim. B dim.7 G7 C minor

11 Äch - zen und erbärmlich Wei - nen, erbärmlich Wei - nen,

Descending chromatic 4th is traditional symbol of lament.

F# dim.7 C major F# dim.7 C# dim.7 D major G minor C# dim.7 D dim. A major G major C minor

B dim. A dim. D major G minor C# dim.7 D dim. A major G major C minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

15

Äch - zen und er - bärmlich Wei - - nen hilft der

F# dim.7 C# dim.7 D7 C# dim. A7 D major D7

D minor

17

Sor-gen Krankheit nicht, nicht, Äch - zen, Äch - zen und erbärmlich Wei -

Emphatic, speech-like vocal writing while obbligato points to heaven.

Obbligato echoes voice.

Ascending B-flat major scale.

G minor F7 B-flat major C# dim. F# dim. F# dim. D7 G minor

C# dim.

20

nen, und erbärmlich Wei - - nen, erbärmlich Wei - nen,

Descending chromatic 4th is traditional symbol of lament.

C# dim.7 D7 G major C# dim.7 N6 (B-flat-D-F-G#) A major A7 D minor G# dim.7 A dim. E major D major G minor

G minor

24

Äch - zen und er - bärmlich Wei - - nen hilft der

C# dim.7 A minor G# dim.7 N6 A7 A7 D minor D minor A major

Descending chromatic 4th is traditional symbol of lament.

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

Emphatic, speech-like vocal writing while obbligato points to heaven.

26

Sor - gen Krank - heit nicht, nicht, hilft der Sor - gen

Ascending F major scale.

D minor C major C7 F major

28

Krank - - - - heit, hilft der SorgenKrankheit

R.H.

F major A major G7 A7 D minor C# dim.7 D minor

30

nicht, nicht, hilft der Sor - genKrankheit nicht;

Ritornello transposed to D minor.

D minor G# dim.7 E7 A dim. F# dim.7 G minor D7

33

Descending chromatic 4ths is traditional symbol of lament.

C# dim.7 G# dim.7 A7 D minor A major A7

35

Ascending F major scale.

D minor C major F major

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

Petzoldt notes the comparison of the "Path to Death" in movement 1 with the "Glance toward Heaven" here in movement 5.

37

This material from the second part of the ritornello (m. 5ff.) reappears, the ascending lines & intervals depicting "looking to "heaven."

aber

Figura corta (see side note above).

G major A major G7 C major A7 D minor D minor

Contrasting B Section. Text painting: Octave leap up in voice for "looking to heaven" with rapid ascending scales in the obbligato.

39

wer gen Himmel siehet und sich da um Trost bemühet, dem kann

R.H. R.H. R.H.

D minor G minor F major

41

leicht ein Freudenlicht in der Trauerbrust erscheinen, figura corta

G# dim. A minor E7 A minor A minor

43

aber wer gen Himmel siehet

Text painting: Octave leap up in voice for "looking to heaven" with ascending scales in the obbligato.

R.H.

D7 E7 A minor D7 G minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

45 und sich da um Trost be mü het,
Ascending B-flat major scale.

G minor R.H. B-flat major

47 figura corta dem kann leicht ein Freuden licht in der Trau -

B-flat 7 G7 C minor

49 - er brust er schei nen, dem kann leicht ein Freuden licht, ein

G major C minor C minor

51 tr Text painting: Energetic melisma with figura corta, ascending in C minor scale for "Freudenlicht" ("light of joy").

Freu den.licht in derTrauer brust er.schei -

figura corta

C minor E-flat major G7 C minor C minor N6 G7 C minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

53

nen.

Opening material returns ("modified da capo"),

Descending chromatic 4th, traditional symbol of lament.

C minor F# dim.7 D7 E dim.7 C major B minor G minor F# dim.7 G7

56

Äch - zen_ und er - bärml - lich Wei -

C minor C minor B dim.7 F# dim.7 D7 E dim.7 C7 F minor

59

nen, und ___ erbärmlich Wei - - - - nen, er -

B dim.7 E dim. F major B dim.7 F# dim.7 G major G7 C minor F# dim.7 D major

Descending chromatic 4th is traditional symbol of lament.

62

bärmlich Wei - - - - nen, Äch - zen - und er - bärmlich Wei - - - - nen hilft der

E dim.7 C major F minor B dim.7 F# dim.7 G7 Chromatic descending 4th G7 G major G7

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

Emphatic, speech-like vocal writing while obbligato points to heaven.

65

Sor-gen Krank-heit nicht, nicht, Äch-zen, Äch-zen und erbärmlich Weinen,

C minor B-flat 7 E-flat major F# dim. B dim. G major

1C minor

68

Äch-zen und erbärmlich Wei - - - - nen, erbärmlich Wei - - - - nen,

Descending chromatic 4th is traditional symbol of lament.

F# dim.7 G7 C major F# dim.7 C# dim.7 D major G minor C# dim.7 A major D dim. G major C minor

72

Äch-zen und er - bärml-ich Wei - - - - nen hilft der

Descending chromatic 4th is traditional symbol of lament.

F# dim.7 C# dim.7 D7 G minor D major D7

74

Sor - gen Krank.heit nicht, nicht, hilft der Sor - - - - gen

Emphatic, speech-like vocal writing while obbligato points to heaven.

figura corta (despite anguished text)

G minor F major F7 B-flat major G minor

J.S. Bach - Church Cantatas BWV 13

76.

Krank

heit, hilft der Sorgen Krankheit

L.H. L.H.

F7 B-flat major C major D major F# dim.7 G minor

78.

nicht, nicht, hilft der Sor... gen Krankheit nicht.

G minor G minor C# dim.7 A major B dim.7 G7

81.

Descending chromatic 4th is traditional symbol of lament.

F# dim.7 C# dim.7 D7 G minor D major D7

83.

figura corta

Ascending B-flat major scale.

G minor F major F7 B-flat major

85.

tr

C major D major D major G minor G minor G minor

Ascending G minor scale.

This is the last stanza of 9 in the 1641/1642 chorale "In allen meinen Taten" by Paul Fleming (1609–1640). See note regarding date of the chorale.

BWV 13

(Added to libretto, probably by Bach). See also 44/7, 97/9—Bach liked this chorale? •Hope: Exhortation to trust God's sovereignty (13/6). Petzold argues that the chorale serves a catechismal function. See "Bach-Kommentar," vol. 2, pp. 456, 460. He notes that Bach gives the greatest rhythmic motion to words that make reference to a merciful God (mm. 3–5, 9).

13/6.

6. Choral (Mel: „Nun ruhen alle Wälder“)

Soprano 1.

Simple, 4-part chorale setting enjoins the believer to trust God despite suffering. For a description of Bach's unhappiness during this time in his life, see note above at movement no. 1.

The first phrase seems to mean "So soul; possess thyself."

Fl. I, II
Ob.
da caccia
Viol. I, II
Va., Bc.

B-flat major

B-flat major

5

dich er - schaf - fen hat. Es ge - he, wie es ge - he, dein

dich er - schaf - fen hat. Es ge - he, wie es ge - he, dein

dich èr - schaf - fen hat. Es ge - he, wie es ge - he, dein

dich er - schaf - fen hat. Es ge - he, wie es ge - he, dein

G minor

G7

C minor

B-flat major

9

Va - ter in der Hö - he, der weiß zu al - len Sa - chen Rat.

Va - ter in der Hö - he, der weiß zu al - len Sa - chen Rat.

Va - ter in der Hö - he, der weiß zu al - len Sa - chen Rat.

Va - ter in der Hö - he, der weiß zu al - len Sa - chen Rat.

F7 B-flat major

B-flat major